Numb. 1165

The London Gazette.

Published by Authority.

From Monday January 15. to Thursday January 18. 1676.

Falmouth, *Jan.* 8.

THe 5th inſtant arrived here a Privateer of *Fluſhing* in *Zealand*, called the *America*, and in its company ſix large Dutch Merchantmen, who came out from *Holland* ſix days ſince; three of them are bound for the *Eaſt Indies*, and the other three for the Weſt. Here are in Port ſeveral other Veſſels, ſome homeward bound, and others bound for *France*, who wait for a fair wind to put to Sea.

Pendennis, *Jan.* 11. The wind continuing at S.W. the ſhips outward bound are ſtill in this Harbor, among which is the *Unicorne* bound for the *Eaſt Indies*. On Tueſday laſt arrived here the *Hendricke* of *Middleburg* in *Zealand* of 800 Tuns, mounted with 32 Guns and 300 men, of which 150 were Soldiers, and the *Sparbrucke* of 440 Tuns and 16 Guns, being both laden with Proviſions, and bound for *Batavia* in the *Eaſt Indies*; as likewiſe the *Conſtantia* of *Fluſhing*, bound for *Guinea*.

Plimouth, *Jan.* 12, We have of late had very bad weather, and eſpecially theſe two days paſt, inſomuch that the *Swallow* Frigat was forced to let ſlip in the *Sound*, and came into *Catwater*, where ſhe is now at Anchor; but ſeveral Merchantmen that were in *Catwater* were at the ſame time forced aſhore.

Weymouth, *Jan.* 15. The laſt night came into this Bay a French ſhip of *Newhaven* of 400 Tun, and mounted with between 30 and 40 Guns; and this morning before day was forced aſhore between *Portland* and this place, but it being low water, when the Tide came in by the help they had from ſhore, ſhe got well off again, and is now in *Portland* Road, being bound for *Guinea*.

Venice, *Jan.* 2. It is now many months ſince ſome difference aroſe between the Emperor and this Republick, for that the latter did not think fit to permit the paſſage of ſome *German* Troops which were intended to have been tranſported from *Trieſte* to *Naples* through our Golfe; at which the Court of *Vienna* was very much diſſatisfied with this Senate, and has on ſeveral occaſions ſince expreſt the ſame, ſo far as that it is ſaid that the Emperor and the King of *Spain* have for this reaſon hitherto declined the Mediation of this State; but at preſent the diſcourſe is, that the Pope has interpoſed for the compoſing this matter, and that the Emperor and this Senate have referred the adjuſtment thereof to him. On Thurſday laſt the Duke of *Mantua*, who had paſſed ſome time here incognito, returned home, though with intention to be here again in the Carnarval.

Copenhagen, *Jan.* 5. What was ſaid in our laſt concerning the Caſtle of *Helſingburg* is contradicted; the laſt advice we have from thence, is, that on Sunday laſt the Suedes ſprung a Mine which they had prepared, but that inſtead of doing the intended execution, it killed ſeveral of their own men; which the Danes perceiving, they made a Sally, and for ſeveral hours afterwards entertained the Enemy with diſcharges of their Cannon and Muskets from their Walls; ſince nothing of moment has paſſed there, and we have hopes that notwithſtanding all the endeavors of the Enemy to make themſelves Maſters of the Caſtle they will not ſucceed in it. The Auditor-General is returned from *Schonen*, where he has exchanged 400 Priſoners, and it is ſaid four hundred more are yet remaining Priſoners, who were taken in the late Battel, who are all Danes, for the Germans who were made Priſoners have taken ſervice with the Suedes, who, as it is ſaid here, own to have had 1800 wounded in the late Fight.

Elſeneur, *Jan.* 5. The Caſtle of *Helſingburg* holds out ſtill, notwithſtanding the ſeveral reports we had to the contrary, and the Governor Colonel *Schonevelt* hitherto anſwers the opinion we had of his great courage and experience; however the Enemy do not give over their deſign, but continue to work for the preparing of ſeveral Mines, in which they meet with great difficulty, for that the ground is very hard and ſtony. We have not for ſeveral days paſt had any account of the Suediſh Army; but it is believed the King is ſtill at *Malmoe*. Our King has put out a Declaration, by which he commands all the Inhabitants of the Dutchy of *Sleſwicke*, as well Nobles as others, not to render for the future any obedience to the Duke of *Holſtein*, their antient Lord and Prince, but that they look upon his Majeſty for their Soveraign and Supream Lord of the ſaid Dutchy, which his Majeſty has accordingly ſequeſtred, and taken into his poſſeſſion, becauſe the Duke of *Holſtein*, as is alledged, hath not received within the time appointed the inveſture of the ſaid Dutchy from his Majeſty.

Dantzicke, *Jan.* 6. From *Coningsberg* they write, that as well the Inhabitants as the Soldiers keep very ſtrict guard; for although there appears not as yet any certainty that there is any deſign againſt them, yet they continue full of jealouſies and fears, leſt the Poliſh Troops which have at preſent their Winter-quarters towards the Frontiers of *Livonia* and *Courland*, ſhould on the ſudden paſs over into the Suediſh ſervice, and then fall into *Pruſſia*, which belongs to the Elector of *Brandenburg*. Moſt of the Provincial Dyets in *Poland* have ended well, and the Deputies have received their inſtructions for the general Dyet, but ſome have been diſſolved without coming to any reſolution, by reaſon of the diviſions among the Members.

Hamburg, *Jan.* 12. You have formerly heard of the differences ariſen between the King of *Denmark* and the Duke of *Holſtein* and *Sleſwicke*; and that his Highneſs not thinking himſelf ſecure in his own Territories, after that the King had cauſed his Fortreſſes and chief Places of ſtrength to be demoliſhed, retired hither, where he has lived privately ever ſince, and will continue till matters be accommodated; but it is ſo far from that, that we have advice that the King of *Denmark* upon ſome new diſſatisfaction againſt the ſaid Duke, and for that, as is alledged, his Highneſs has not received the Inveſture for the Dutchy of *Sleſwicke*, within the time agreed, has ſequeſtred the ſaid Dutchy, and has taken the ſame abſolutely into his own poſſeſſion, cauſing at the ſame time a Declaration

to